

## **Agri-voltaic System**



## Purpose

## Crop production and electricity generation from a single land unit

- ✤ System capacity: 105 kW
- Field area: 68 m x 68 m, block size: three separate block each of 28 m x 28 m (about 1 acre)
- Potential crops: Mung bean, clusterbean, moth bean, isabgol, cumin, chickpea, aloe, brinjal, etc.
- The system (on about 1 acre) can generate an average of 420 kWh unit of electricity per day
- Approximate income from the system: Rs 7.5 to 8.0 lakh acre<sup>-1</sup> yr<sup>-1</sup>

## Potential and benefits of agri-voltaic system

- Increased income from farm land
- Recycling of harvested rainwater for cleaning PV modules and irrigating crops (1.5 lakh litre per acre and can provide 40 mm irrigation in 1 acre land)
- Improvement in microclimate for crop cultivation and optimum PV generation
- Reduction in soil erosion by wind
- Reduction in dust load on PV panel
- Improvement in land equivalent ratio (LER ~1.42 to 1.62)
- Soil moisture conservation by reducing the wind speed on ground surface
- Reduction in GHG emission (598 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> savings year<sup>-1</sup> ha<sup>-1</sup>)











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